Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

Pirimicarb

Revision Date:2024-12-21 Revision Number:1

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product identifier

Product name	: Pirimicarb		
CBnumber	: CB8481649		
CAS	: 23103-98-2		
EINECS Number	: 245-430-1		
Synonyms	: Pirimicarb, PHANTOM		
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against			
Relevant identified uses	: For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.		
Uses advised against	: none		
Company Identification			
Company	: Chemicalbook		
Address	: Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing		
Telephone	: 400-158-6606		

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Acute toxicity - Category 3, Oral Skin sensitization, Category 1 Acute toxicity - Category 3, Inhalation Carcinogenicity, Category 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (Acute) - Category Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (Chronic) - Category Chronic 1

Label elements

Pictogram(s)

Signal word

Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H301 Toxic if swalloed

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statement(s)

1

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to.....

Prevention

P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection/...

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P203 Obtain, read and follow all safety instructions before use.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Response

P301+P316 IF SWALLOWED: Get emergency medical help immediately.

P321 Specific treatment (see ... on this label).

P330 Rinse mouth.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/...

P333+P317 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical help.

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P316 Get emergency medical help immediately.

P318 IF exposed or concerned, get medical advice.

P391 Collect spillage.

Storage

P405 Store locked up.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

Other hazards

no data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance

Product name	: Pirimicarb
Synonyms	: Pirimicarb, PHANTOM
CAS	: 23103-98-2
EC number	: 245-430-1
MF	: C11H18N4O2
MW	: 238.29

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

If inhaled

Move the victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a doctor immediately. Do not use mouth to mouth resuscitation if the victim ingested or inhaled the chemical.

Following skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a doctor.

Following eye contact

Rinse with pure water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a doctor.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a doctor or Poison Control Center immediately.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

no data available

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Basic treatment: Establish a patent airway. Suction if necessary. Aggressive airway control may be needed. Watch for signs of respiratory insufficiency and assist ventilations if necessary. Administer oxygen by nonrebreather mask at 10 to 15 L/min. Monitor for pulmonary edema and treat if necessary. Monitor for shock and treat if necessary. Anticipate seizures and treat if necessary. For eye contamination, flush eyes immediately with water. Irrigate each eye continuously with normal saline during transport. Do not use emetics. For ingestion, rinse mouth and administer 5 ml/kg up to 200 ml of water for dilution if the patient can swallow, has a strong gag reflex, and does not drool. Administer activated charcoal. Carbamates and related compounds

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide or alcohol-resistant foam.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

no data available

Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing mist, gas or vapours. Avoid contacting with skin and eye. Use personal protective equipment. Wear chemical impermeable gloves. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

Environmental precautions

Prevent further spillage or leakage if it is safe to do so. Do not let the chemical enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Collect and arrange disposal. Keep the chemical in suitable and closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use sparkproof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Adhered or collected material should be promptly disposed of, in accordance with appropriate laws and regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store the container tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store apart from foodstuff containers or incompatible materials.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure limit values

no data available

Biological limit values

no data available

Exposure controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the riskelimination area.

Individual protection measures

Eye/face protection

Wear tightly fitting safety goggles with side-shields conforming to EN 166(EU) or NIOSH (US).

Skin protection

Wear fire/flame resistant and impervious clothing. Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Wash and dry hands. The

selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Respiratory protection

If the exposure limits are exceeded, irritation or other symptoms are experienced, use a full-face respirator.

Thermal hazards

no data available

Information on basic physicochemical properties

Physical state	neat
Colour	Colorless solid
Odour	no data available
Melting point/freezing point	90.5°C
Boiling point or initial boiling point and	373.4°C at 760 mmHg
boiling range	
Flammability	no data available
Lower and upper explosion	no data available
limit/flammability limit	
Flash point	179.6°C
Auto-ignition temperature	no data available
Decomposition temperature	no data available
рН	no data available
Kinematic viscosity	no data available
Solubility	4 g/l in acetone @ 25 deg C; 2.5 g/l in ethanol at 25 deg C; 2.9 g/l in xylene at 25 deg C; 3.3 g/l in
	chloroform at 25 deg C
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	log Kow = 1.7
Vapour pressure	2.1 x 10 ⁻³ Pa (30 °C)
Density and/or relative density	1.146 g/cm3
Relative vapour density	no data available
Particle characteristics	no data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

no data available

Chemical stability

Pirimicarb is stable for at least 2 yr under normal storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

no data available

Conditions to avoid

no data available

Incompatible materials

no data available

Hazardous decomposition products

When heated to decomposition it emits toxic fumes of /nitrogen oxides/.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

- Oral: LD50 Rat (female) oral 68-221 mg/kg
- Inhalation: LC50 Rat inhalation 0.3 mg/L/6 hr
- Dermal: no data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

Carcinogenicity

Cancer Classification: Likely to be Carcinogenic to Humans

Reproductive toxicity

no data available

STOT-single exposure

no data available

STOT-repeated exposure

no data available

Aspiration hazard

no data available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

Toxicity to fish: LC50 (96 hr) Rainbow trout 29 mg/L /conditions of bioassay not specified

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: no data available

Toxicity to algae: no data available

Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

Persistence and degradability

Pirimicarb degraded in a cultivated and non-cultivated sandy loam obtained from Berlin, Germany(1). Following application of pirimicarb to the surface layer of the cultivated and uncultivated soil, approximately 66% (cultivated soil) and 60% degradation (uncultivated soil) was observed after 3 days(1). After 7 days approximately 75% (cultivated soil) and 73% (uncultivated soil) was observed(1). The half-life of pirimicarb is reported to range from 7-234 days, depending upon the conditions of the soil(2). The half-life of pirimicarb in soil was reported as 69 days(3). Pirimicarb has been classified as a persistent pesticide with a biodegradation half-life of 208 days in soil at 20 deg C(4). The degradation of pirimicarb in 2 agricultural soils (a clay and silt loam) from the Netherlands was studied over a 7 week incubation period(5). The biodegradation rate constant in the two soils were found to be 0.0125 and 0.0136 day-1, which correspond to half-lives of 55 and 51 days, respectively(5). The half-life of pirimicarb in a moist, sandy loam (pH 8.6, 1.8% organic matter) obtained from northern China was about 9 days, with a lag period of about 3 days(6).

Bioaccumulative potential

An estimated BCF of 4 was calculated for pirimicarb(SRC), using a log Kow of 1.7(1) and a regression-derived equation(2). According to a classification scheme(3), this BCF suggests the potential for bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is low(SRC).

Mobility in soil

The Koc of pirimicarb in soil was reported as 1,387(1), but no details of the soil conditions were provided and the adsorption of pirimicarb is greatly dependent upon the characteristics of the soil(SRC). The adsorption of pirimicarb in 21 different soils was studied(2). The greatest adsorption was observed in soils with a high clay content and low percentage of organic matter(2). Relatively weak adsorption was observed in soils containing a high percentage of organic carbon(2). Using the adsorption coefficient (Kd) and percentage of organic carbon present in the soil, Koc values ranging from about 56 to 270 were calculated for soils with organic carbon content of 1% or greater(SRC). The mobility of pirimicarb was significantly attenuated by soils with a large percentage of clay and a low percentage of organic carbon present in the soil, Koc values of 270 and 800 were calculated for 2 soils with organic carbon content of approximately 1%(SRC). The adsorption was significantly greater in the other 8 soils with a low percentage of organic matter(SRC). According to a classification scheme(4), these Koc values suggest that pirimicarb is expected to have high to low mobility in soil depending upon the conditions(SRC). Pirimicarb was shown to have low mobility in experiments conducted with cultivated and uncultivated sandy loams having pH 6.7 and organic matter of 2.27%(5). Approximately 53-66% of the initially applied 14C-Pirimicarb remained in the upper layer (0-1 cm) of these soils after 7 days with less than 10 % migrating to the lower layer (4-10 cm depth)(5). Other experiments using a sandy loam from northern China (pH 8.6, 1.8% organic matter) showed that pirimicarb was weakly sorbed to the soil surface(6).

Other adverse effects

no data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

SECTION 14: Transport information

UN Number

ADR/RID: no data available IMDG: no data available IATA: no data available

UN Proper Shipping Name

ADR/RID: no data available IMDG: no data available IATA: no data available

Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 6.1 (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: 6.1 (For reference only, please check.) IATA: 6.1 (For reference only, please check.)

Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: III (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: III (For reference only, please check.) IATA: III (For reference only, please check.)

Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: Yes

IMDG: Yes

IATA: Yes

Special precautions for user

no data available

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

no data available

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)

Listed.

EC Inventory

Listed.

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

Not Listed.

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015
Not Listed.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)
Listed.
PICCS
Not Listed.
Vietnam National Chemical Inventory
Listed.
IECSC
Listed.
Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL)
Listed.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

TWA: Time Weighted Average

STEL: Short term exposure limit

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

References

IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home

HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/

eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website: http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index? pageID=0&request_locale=en

CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple

ChemlDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp

ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg

Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp

ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

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