

## Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

**p-Phenylenediamine**

Revision Date:2024-12-21 Revision Number:1

**SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking****Product identifier**

Product name : p-Phenylenediamine  
CBnumber : CB9852680  
CAS : 106-50-3  
EINECS Number : 203-404-7  
Synonyms : p-phenylenediamine,benzene-1,4-diamine

**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Relevant identified uses : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.  
Uses advised against : none

**Company Identification**

Company : Chemicalbook  
Address : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing  
Telephone : 400-158-6606

**SECTION 2: Hazards identification****GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements**

Symbol(GHS)



Signal word

Danger

**Precautionary statements**

P405 Store locked up.  
P337+P313 IF eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.  
P311 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.  
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continuerinsing.  
P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.  
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
P273 Avoid release to the environment.  
P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.  
P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

## Hazard statements

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects  
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects  
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life  
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure  
H370 Causes damage to organs  
H351 Suspected of causing cancer  
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness  
H335 May cause respiratory irritation  
H331 Toxic if inhaled  
H319 Causes serious eye irritation  
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction  
H315 Causes skin irritation  
H311 Toxic in contact with skin  
H301 Toxic if swallowed

---

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### Substance

Product name : p-Phenylenediamine  
Synonyms : p-phenylenediamine,benzene-1,4-diamine  
CAS : 106-50-3  
EC number : 203-404-7  
MF : C6H8N2  
MW : 108.14

---

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### Description of first aid measures

#### General advice

First aider needs to protect himself. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air. Immediately call in physician. If breathing stops: immediately apply artificial respiration, if necessary also oxygen.

#### In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Call a physician immediately.

#### In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

#### If swallowed

If swallowed: give water to drink (two glasses at most). Seek medical advice immediately. In exceptional cases only, if medical care is not available within one hour, induce vomiting (only in persons who are wide awake and fully conscious), administer activated charcoal (20 - 40 g in a 10% slurry) and consult a doctor as quickly as possible.

## Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

## Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

---

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Water Foam Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) Dry powder

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides, Nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>) Combustible.

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Forms explosive mixtures with air on intense heating.

Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire.

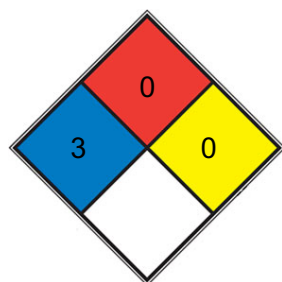
### Advice for firefighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

### Further information

Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

### NFPA 704



■ HEALTH 3 Short exposure could cause serious temporary or moderate residual injury (e.g. [liquid hydrogen](#), [sulfuric acid](#), [calcium hypochlorite](#), hexafluorosilicic acid)

■ FIRE 0 Materials that will not burn under typical fire conditions, including intrinsically noncombustible materials such as concrete, stone, and sand. Materials that will not burn in air when exposed to a temperature of 820 °C (1,500 °F) for a period of 5 minutes. (e.g. Carbon tetrachloride)

■ REACT 0 Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and is not reactive with water (e.g. helium, [N<sub>2</sub>](#))

□ SPEC.  
□ HAZ.

---

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### **Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Avoid generation and inhalation of dusts in all circumstances. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert.

For personal protection see section 8.

### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains.

### **Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up carefully. Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area. Avoid generation of dusts.

### **Reference to other sections**

For disposal see section 13.

---

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### **Precautions for safe handling**

Work under hood. Do not inhale substance/mixture. For precautions see section 2.2.

### **Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Tightly closed. Dry. Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep locked up or in an area accessible only to qualified or authorized persons.

### **Specific end use(s)**

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

---

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### **control parameter**

#### **Hazard composition and occupational exposure limits**

Does not contain substances with occupational exposure limits.

### **Exposure controls**

#### **Appropriate engineering controls**

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

#### **Personal protective equipment**

##### **Eye/face protection**

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Safety

glasses

#### Skin protection

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: [www.kcl.de](http://www.kcl.de)).

Full contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,11 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested:KCL 741 Dermatrill? L

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: [www.kcl.de](http://www.kcl.de)).

Splash contact Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,11 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested:KCL 741 Dermatrill? L

#### Body Protection

protective clothing

#### Respiratory protection

required when dusts are generated.

Our recommendations on filtering respiratory protection are based on the following standards: DIN EN 143, DIN 14387 and other accompanying standards relating to the used respiratory protection system.

#### Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains.

#### Exposure limits

TLV-TWA 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (ACGIH 1989); TWA skin 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (MSHA and OSHA); IDLH 25 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (NIOSH); carcinogenicity: Animal Inadequate Evidence (IARC). .

---

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### Information on basic physicochemical properties

Appearance	flakes
Odour	No data available
Odour Threshold	No data available
pH	9 at 50 g/l at 20 °C
Melting point/freezing point	Melting point/range: 138 - 143 °C - lit.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	267 °C - lit.
Flash point	110 °C - closed cup
Evaporation rate	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	The product is not flammable. - Flammability (solids)
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Lower explosion limit: 1,5 %(V)

Vapour pressure	1,44 hPa at 100 °C
Vapour density	3.7 (vs air)
Relative density	0,726 g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 22 °C
Water solubility	31 g/l at 20 °C - OECD Test Guideline 105 - soluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	log Pow: -0,839 at 21 °C
Autoignition temperature	No data available
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Viscosity	No data available
Explosive properties	No data available
Oxidizing properties	No data available

### Other safety information

Surface tension 80 mN/m at 20 °C

---

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### Reactivity

Forms explosive mixtures with air on intense heating.

A range from approx. 15 Kelvin below the flash point is to be rated as critical.

The following applies in general to flammable organic substances and mixtures: in correspondingly fine distribution, when whirled up a dust explosion potential may generally be assumed.

### Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

### Conditions to avoid

Strong heating.

### Incompatible materials

acids, Acid chlorides, Acid anhydrides, Chloroformates, Strong oxidizing agents

### Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Carbon oxides, Nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>)

Other decomposition products - No data available In the event of fire: see section 5

---

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - 80 mg/kg

LC50 Inhalation - Rat - male - 4 h - 0,92 mg/l (OECD Test Guideline 403)

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

Skin - Rabbit

Result: Mild skin irritation - 24 h

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Eyes - Rabbit

Result: Irritating to eyes. (OECD Test Guideline 405)

**Respiratory or skin sensitization**

in vivo assay - Mouse

Result: May cause sensitization by skin contact. (OECD Test Guideline 429)

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Rat Embryo

Morphological transformation.

Hamster ovary

Cytogenetic analysis OECD Test Guideline 474 Rat - male and female Result: negative

**Carcinogenicity**

This product is or contains a component that is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity based on its IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or EPA classification.

IARC: No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

**Reproductive toxicity**

No data available

**Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure**

No data available

**Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure**

No data available

**Aspiration hazard**

No data available

**Additional Information**

Repeated dose toxicity - Rat - male and female - Oral - NOAEL (No observed adverse effect level) - 16 mg/kg

RTECS: SS8050000

Absorption into the body leads to the formation of methemoglobin which in sufficient concentration causes cyanosis. Onset may be delayed 2 to 4 hours or longer., To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

**Toxicity**

LD50 in rats (mg/kg): 80 orally, 37 i.p. (Burnett)

---

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

**Toxicity**

**Toxicity to fish**

flow-through test LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) - 3,9 mg/l - 96 h  
(OECD Test Guideline 203)

#### **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**

semi-static test EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 0,33 mg/l - 48 h

(OECD Test Guideline 202)

#### **Toxicity to algae**

static test EC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - 0,27 mg/l - 72 h (OECD Test Guideline 201)

#### **Toxicity to bacteria**

Respiration inhibition EC50 - Sludge Treatment - 13,4 mg/l - 3 h (OECD Test Guideline 209)

#### **Persistence and degradability**

Biodegradability aerobic - Exposure time 28 d

Result: 30 % - Not readily biodegradable. (OECD Test Guideline 301D)

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

No data available

#### **Mobility in soil**

No data available

#### **Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

#### **Other adverse effects**

Biological effects:

Forms toxic mixtures in water, dilution measures notwithstanding. Further information on ecology

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

---

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### **Waste treatment methods**

#### **Incompatibilities**

Dust may form explosive mixture with air. A strong reducing agent. Incompatible with oxidizers; contact may cause fires or explosions. Keep away from alkaline materials, strong bases, strong acids, oxoacids, epoxides, acid chlorides; acid anhydrides; and strong bases. Incompatible with organic anhydrides; isocyanates, aldehydes. Heat and light contribute to instability. Keep away from metals.

#### **Product**

See [www.retrologistik.com](http://www.retrologistik.com) for processes regarding the return of chemicals and containers, or contact us there if you have further questions.

#### **Waste Disposal**

Controlled incineration whereby oxides of nitrogen are removed from the effluent gas by scrubber, catalytic or thermal device.

---

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### **UN number**



ADR/RID: 1673 IMDG: 1673 IATA: 1673

## UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: PHENYLENEDIAMINES IMDG: PHENYLENEDIAMINES

IATA: Phenylenediamines

14.3	Transport hazard class(es) ADR/RID: 6.1 IMDG: 6.1	IATA: 6.1
14.4	Packaging group ADR/RID: III IMDG: III	IATA: III
14.5	Environmental hazards ADR/RID: yes IMDG Marine pollutant: yes	IATA: no
14.6	Special precautions for user No data available	

---

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### Regulations on the Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015:Listed. website: <https://www.mem.gov.cn/>

#### Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances

EC Inventory:Listed.

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS):Listed. website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>

Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS):Listed. website: <https://emb.gov.ph/>

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory:Listed. website: <https://www.epa.gov/>

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL):Listed. website: <http://ncis.nier.go.kr>

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory:Listed. website: <https://chemicaldata.gov.vn/>

Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC):Listed. website: <https://www.mee.gov.cn/>

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):Listed. website: <https://www.epa.govt.nz/>

---

## SECTION 16: Other information

### Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

TWA: Time Weighted Average

STEL: Short term exposure limit

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

## References

- 【1】 CAMEO Chemicals, website: <http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple>
- 【2】 ChemIDplus, website: <http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp>
- 【3】 ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>
- 【4】 eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:  
[http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\\_locale=en](http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_locale=en)
- 【5】 ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: <http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg>
- 【6】 Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: <http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp>
- 【7】 HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: <https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm>
- 【8】 IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: <http://www.iarc.fr/>
- 【9】 IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: <http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home>
- 【10】 Sigma-Aldrich, website: <https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/>

## Other Information

Depending on the degree of exposure, periodic medical examination is suggested. The symptoms of asthma often do not become manifest until a few hours have passed and they are aggravated by physical effort. Rest and medical observation are therefore essential. Anyone who has shown symptoms of asthma due to this substance should avoid all further contact with this substance. Specific treatment is necessary in case of poisoning with this substance; the appropriate means with instructions must be available. The relation between odour and the occupational exposure limit cannot be indicated. Rinse contaminated clothing with plenty of water because of fire hazard.

### Disclaimer:

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.