# Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

# Methidathion

Revision Date:2025-02-01 Revision Number:1

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

# **Product identifier**

Product name	: Methidathion	
CBnumber	: CB4160797	
CAS	: 950-37-8	
EINECS Number	: 213-449-4	
Synonyms	: Methidathion,DMTP	
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Relevant identified uses	: For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.	
Uses advised against	: none	
Company Identification		
Company	: Chemicalbook	
Address	: Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing	
Telephone	: 400-158-6606	

# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

# Classification of the substance or mixture

Acute toxicity - Category 2, Oral Acute toxicity - Category 4, Dermal Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (Acute) - Category Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (Chronic) - Category Chronic 1

# Label elements

#### Pictogram(s)

Signal word

Danger

### Hazard statement(s)

H318 Causes serious eye damage

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

### Precautionary statement(s)

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

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P264 Wash skin thouroughly after handling.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P284 Wear respiratory protection.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

#### Prevention

P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection/...

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

#### Response

P301+P316 IF SWALLOWED: Get emergency medical help immediately.

P321 Specific treatment (see ... on this label).

P330 Rinse mouth.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/...

P317 Get medical help.

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P391 Collect spillage.

# Storage

P405 Store locked up.

#### Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

# Other hazards

no data available

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

# Substance

: Methidathion
: Methidathion, DMTP
: 950-37-8
: 213-449-4
: C6H11N2O4PS3
: 302.33

# SECTION 4: First aid measures

### Description of first aid measures

If inhaled

Fresh air, rest. Artificial respiration may be needed. Refer immediately for medical attention.

#### Following skin contact

Remove contaminated clothes. Rinse and then wash skin with water and soap. Refer immediately for medical attention. Wear protective gloves when administering first aid.

#### Following eye contact

First rinse with plenty of water for several minutes (remove contact lenses if easily possible), then refer for medical attention.

#### **Following ingestion**

Rinse mouth. Give a slurry of activated charcoal in water to drink. Refer immediately for medical attention.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

This material is poisonous to humans. Its toxic effects are by action on the nervous system. Human volunteers ingesting 0.11 mg/kg/day for 6 weeks had no clinical effects. (EPA, 1998)

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Airway protection. Insure that a clear airway exists. Intubate the patients and aspirate the secretions with a large-bore suction device if necessary. Administer oxygen by mechanically assisted pulmonary ventilation if respiration is depressed. Improve tissue oxygenation as much as possible before administering atropine, so as to minimize the risk of ventricular fibrillation. In severe poisonings, it may be necessary to support pulmonary ventilation mechanically for several days. Organophosphate pesticides

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### **Extinguishing media**

Self contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece operated in pressure demand, or other positive pressure mode /should be used in firefighting/. Parathion

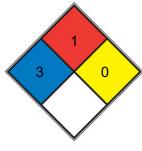
#### **Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical**

Non-Specific -- Organophosphorus Pesticide, n.o.s.) Container may explode in heat of fire. Fire and runoff from fire control water may produce irritating or poisonous gases. Stable in neutral or weak acid solution. Hydrolyzed by alkali. (EPA, 1998)

### Advice for firefighters

Use water spray. Use dry powder. Use carbon dioxide.

#### **NFPA 704**



HEALTH 3 hypochlorite, hexafluorosilicic acid)

Materials that require considerable preheating, under all ambient temperature conditions, before ignition and combustion

FIRE 1 can occur. Includes some finely divided suspended solids that do not require heating before ignition can occur. Flash point

#### EREACT 0 Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and is not reactive with water (e.g. helium, N2)

SPEC

HAZ.

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal protection: complete protective clothing including self-contained breathing apparatus. Do NOT let this chemical enter the environment. Sweep spilled substance into covered sealable containers. Carefully collect remainder. Then store and dispose of according to local regulations.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Personal protection: complete protective clothing including self-contained breathing apparatus. Do NOT let this chemical enter the environment. Sweep spilled substance into covered sealable containers. Carefully collect remainder. Then store and dispose of according to local regulations.

## Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Ventilate area of spill or leak. collect for reclamation, or absorb in vermiculite, dry sand, earth, or a similar material. parathion

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

NO open flames. Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Provision to contain effluent from fire extinguishing. Separated from food and feedstuffs. Well closed. Store in an area without drain or sewer access. Store in dry, well-ventilated, secure area out of reach of children and animals.

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

**Occupational Exposure limit values** 

no data available

Biological limit values

no data available

#### **Exposure controls**

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the risk-

elimination area.

## Individual protection measures

## Eye/face protection

Wear face shield or eye protection in combination with breathing protection.

#### Skin protection

Protective gloves. Protective clothing.

#### **Respiratory protection**

Use local exhaust or breathing protection.

### Thermal hazards

no data available

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

# Information on basic physicochemical properties

Physical state	solid
Colour	Colourless
Odour	Organophosphate odor
Melting point/freezing point	39-40°C
Boiling point or initial boiling point and	347.7°C at 760 mmHg
boiling range	
Flammability	Combustible. Liquid formulations containing organic solvents may be flammable. Gives off irritating or
	toxic fumes (or gases) in a fire.
Lower and upper explosion	no data available
limit/flammability limit	
Flash point	164.1°C
Auto-ignition temperature	no data available
Decomposition temperature	no data available
рН	no data available
Kinematic viscosity	no data available
Solubility	DMSO (Slightly), Methanol (Slightly)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	log Kow = 2.20
Vapour pressure	2.5×10 <sup>-4</sup> Pa (20 °C)
Density and/or relative density	1.6 g/cm3
Relative vapour density	no data available
Particle characteristics	no data available
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# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

# Reactivity

Decomposes on heating. This produces toxic fumes.

# **Chemical stability**

Relatively stable to hydrolysis in neutral, or slightly acidic media, less stable in more acidic (pH 1), or in alkaline media (pH 13, 50% loss in 30 min @ 25 deg C).

# Possibility of hazardous reactions

Organophosphates, such as METHIDATHION, are susceptible to formation of highly toxic and flammable phosphine gas in the presence of strong reducing agents such as hydrides. Partial oxidation by oxidizing agents may result in the release of toxic phosphorus oxides.

# Conditions to avoid

no data available

### Incompatible materials

no data available

### Hazardous decomposition products

When heated to decomposition it emits very toxic fumes of /oxides of nitrogen, oxides of phosphorous and oxides of sulfur/.

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Acute toxicity

- Oral: LD50 Guinea pig oral 25 mg/kg
- Inhalation: LC50 Rat inhalation 3.6 mg/L (4 hr) Technical
- Dermal: no data available

## Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

#### Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

### Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

# Carcinogenicity

Cancer Classification: Group C Possible Human Carcinogen

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

no data available

#### STOT-single exposure

Cholinesterase inhibition. The substance may cause effects on the nervous system. This may result in convulsions and respiratory

depression. Exposure could cause death. The effects may be delayed. Medical observation is indicated.

### STOT-repeated exposure

Cholinesterase inhibition. Cumulative effects are possible. See Acute Hazards/Symptoms.

#### Aspiration hazard

A harmful concentration of airborne particles can be reached quickly when dispersed.

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

### Toxicity

Toxicity to fish: LC50; Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill); Conditions: freshwater, static; Concentration: 2.2 ug/L for 96 hr (95% confidence interval: 0.9-5.1 ug/L) /95% purity

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50; Species: Daphnia magna (Water Flea) 1st instar larvae; Conditions: freshwater, static; Concentration: 6.4 ug/L for 48 hr (95% confidence interval: 5.1-8.1 ug/L); Effect: intoxication, immobilization Toxicity to algae: EC50; Species: Anabaena flosaquae (Blue-Green Algae); Conditions: freshwater, static, 24 deg C; Concentration: 67521 ug/L for 96 hr; Effect: decreased population biomass /96.1% purity technical product Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

### Persistence and degradability

AEROBIC: A half-life in aerobic soil of 11 days has been reported(1). Methidathion, at a concentration of 4 mg, containing chain labeled C14 was added to 400 cu cm of 4 different soils and incubated at 25 deg C(2). After 16 weeks, 7% C14, 8% C14, 1% C14, and 2% C14 remained in Puyallop sandy loam, Sultan silt loam, Chehalis clay loam, and organic soil, respectively(2). After 16 weeks, 49-60% methidathion remained in fumigated controls with <3% of the radioactivity was expired as CO2(2). An avg half-life of 12.42 days was measured for 1-50 ug/L methidathion added to filtered water collected during May-April, 1997 from the Limon River, between Mara and Paez, State of Zula, Argentina(3).

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Whole-body BCFs of 3.0, 2.2, 1.5, and 2.6 were measured using carp (Cyprino carpio L.) after 24, 72, 120, and 196 hr exposure to 2.6 ug/L methidathion, respectively(1). Average BCFs after 168 hr exposures were 6.4, 5.6, 4.6, 3.6, and 5.5 for guppy (female) (Lebistes reticulatus), guppy (male), killifish (Oryzias latipes), goldfish (Carassius aurapus), and cloud mountain fish (Tanichthys albonubes), respectively(2). According to a classification scheme(3), these BCF values suggest bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is low(SRC). Tests using the Mediterranean mussel, Mytillus galloprovincialis, resulted in a BCF value of 193(4).

### Mobility in soil

Experimental Koc values of 34(1) and 761(2) in soil have been reported. According to a classification scheme(3), these Koc values suggest that methidathion is expected to have very high to low mobility in soil(SRC). Experimental Koc values of 7 and 56 were determined in 2 different pond sediments at pH 5.9 and 6.5, respectively(4). Methidathion was shown to have no to moderate leaching potential using agricultural soils characterized by high organic content from the Canary Island of Tenerife(5).

#### Other adverse effects

no data available

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

# **Disposal methods**

### Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

### Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

# **UN Number**

ADR/RID: UN2783 (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: UN2783 (For reference only, please check.) IATA: UN2783 (For reference only, please check.)

### **UN Proper Shipping Name**

ADR/RID: ORGANOPHOSPHORUS PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: ORGANOPHOSPHORUS PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC (For reference only, please check.) IATA: ORGANOPHOSPHORUS PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC (For reference only, please check.)

# Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 6.1 (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: 6.1 (For reference only, please check.) IATA: 6.1 (For reference only, please check.)

# Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: I (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: I (For reference only, please check.) IATA: I (For reference only, please check.)

# **Environmental hazards**

ADR/RID: Yes IMDG: Yes IATA: Yes

### Special precautions for user

no data available

# Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

no data available

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

# Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) Listed. **EC Inventory** Listed. United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory Not Listed. China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015 Listed. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC) Not Listed. PICCS Not Listed. **Vietnam National Chemical Inventory** Listed. IECSC Not Listed. Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL) Listed.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

# Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods IATA: International Air Transportation Association TWA: Time Weighted Average STEL: Short term exposure limit LC50: Lethal Concentration 50% LD50: Lethal Dose 50% EC50: Effective Concentration 50% References

IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home

HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/

eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website: http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?

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CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple

ChemlDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp

ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg

Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp

ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

#### **Other Information**

Carrier solvents used in commercial formulations may change physical and toxicological properties. Specific treatment is necessary in case of

poisoning with this substance; the appropriate means with instructions must be available.Do NOT take working clothes home.

**Disclaimer:** 

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.