## Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

### Melamine

Revision Date:2025-02-01 Revision Number:1

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### **Product identifier**

| Product name  | : Melamine   |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| CBnumber  | : CB6324023  |  |  |  |
| CAS   | : 108-78-1   |  |  |  |
| EINECS Number   | : 203-615-4  |  |  |  |
| Synonyms  | : melamine,1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6-triamine   |  |  |  |
| Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against |  |  |  |  |
| Relevant identified uses  | : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.                       |  |  |  |
| Uses advised against  | : none   |  |  |  |
| Company Identification  |  |  |  |  |
| Company   | : Chemicalbook   |  |  |  |
| Address   | : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing |  |  |  |
| Telephone   | : 400-158-6606   |  |  |  |
|   |  |  |  |  |

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

#### Hazard statements

H303 May be harmfulif swallowed

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substance

| Product name | : Melamine                               |
|--------------|--|
| Synonyms     | : melamine,1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6-triamine |
| CAS          | : 108-78-1                               |
| EC number    | : 203-615-4                              |
| MF           | : C3H6N6                                 |
| MW           | : 126.12                                 |

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### Description of first aid measures

#### General advice

Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air. Call in physician.

#### In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Consult a physician.

#### In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

#### If swallowed

After swallowing: immediately make victim drink water (two glasses at most). Consult a physician.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### **Extinguishing media**

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Water Foam Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry powder

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

#### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Combustible.

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Risk of dust explosion.

Forms explosive mixtures with air on intense heating.

Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire.

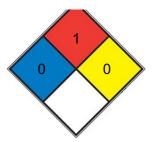
#### Advice for firefighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

#### **Further information**

Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

#### **NFPA 704**



| HEALTH        | 0 | Poses no health hazard, no precautions necessary and would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible materials   |
|---------------|---|--|
| FIRE          | 1 | Materials that require considerable preheating, under all ambient temperature conditions, before ignition and combustion can occur. Includes some finely divided suspended solids that do not require heating before ignition can occur. Flash point at or above 93.3 °C (200 °F). (e.g. mineral oil, ammonia) |
| REACT         | 0 | Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and is not reactive with water (e.g. helium, <u>N2</u> )   |
| SPEC.<br>HAZ. |   |  |

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Avoid inhalation of dusts. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert. For personal protection see section 8.

### Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up dry. Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area. Avoid generation of dusts.

#### **Reference to other sections**

For disposal see section 13.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

For precautions see section 2.2.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Storage conditions

Tightly closed. Dry. Keep locked up or in an area accessible only to qualified or authorized persons.

#### Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### control parameter

#### Hazard composition and occupational exposure limits

Does not contain substances with occupational exposure limits.

#### **Exposure controls**

#### Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate

government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Safety glasses

#### Skin protection

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: www.kcl.de).

Full contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,11 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested:KCL 741 Dermatril? L

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: www.kcl.de).

Splash contact Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,11 mm

Break through time: 480 min

Material tested:KCL 741 Dermatril? L

**Body Protection** 

protective clothing

**Respiratory protection** 

required when dusts are generated.

Our recommendations on filtering respiratory protection are based on the following standards: DIN EN 143, DIN 14387 and other

accompanying standards relating to the used respiratory protection system.

Recommended Filter type: Filter type P3

The entrepeneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer.

These measures have to be properly documented.

Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains.

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### Information on basic physicochemical properties

| Appearance                              | white powder  |
|---|---|
| Odour                                   | odorless  |
| Odour Threshold                         | No data available   |
| рН                                      | 7-8 (32g/l, H2O, 20℃)   |
| Melting point/freezing point            | Melting point/range: >300 °C - lit.   |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | 224.22°C (rough estimate)   |
| Flash point                             | 300 °C - closed cup   |
| Evaporation rate                        | No data available   |
| Flammability (solid, gas)               | May form combustible dust concentrations in air.                              |
| Upper/lower flammability or explosive   | No data available   |
| limits                                  |   |
| Vapour pressure                         | 66.65 hPa (315 °C)  |
| Vapour density                          | No data available   |
| Relative density                        | 1,57 at 20 °C   |
| Water solubility                        | 3,48 g/l at 20 °C - OECD Test Guideline 1053,48 g/l at 20 °C                  |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water  | log Pow: -1,22 at 22 °Clog Pow: -1,22 at 22 °C                                |
| Autoignition temperature                | >400 °C at 1.013 hPa  |
| Decomposition temperature               | No data available   |
| Viscosity                               | Viscosity, kinematic: No data available Viscosity, dynamic: No data available |
| Explosive properties                    | No data available   |
| Oxidizing properties                    | No data available   |

#### Other safety information

No data available

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### Reactivity

Forms explosive mixtures with air on intense heating.

A range from approx. 15 Kelvin below the flash point is to be rated as critical.

The following applies in general to flammable organic substances and mixtures: in correspondingly fine distribution, when whirled up a dust explosion potential may generally be assumed.

#### **Chemical stability**

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

#### Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reactions possible with:

Strong oxidizing agents Strong acids

#### Conditions to avoid

Strong heating.

#### Incompatible materials

No data available

#### Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### Acute toxicity

Information on toxicological effects LD50 Oral - Rat - male - 3.161 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation - Rat - male and female - 4 h - > 5.190 mg/m3 LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - > 1.000 mg/kg Skin corrosion/irritation Skin - Rabbit Result: No skin irritation Serious eye damage/eye irritation Eyes - Rabbit Result: Mild eye irritation - 24 h Respiratory or skin sensitization Maximization Test - Guinea pig Did not cause sensitization on laboratory animals. (OECD Test Guideline 406) Germ cell mutagenicity Test Type: in vitro test Test system: S. typhimurium Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Result: negative Test Type: in vivo assay Species: Mouse Application Route: Intraperitoneal Result: negative Carcinogenicity No data available **Reproductive toxicity** Suspected of damaging fertility. Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure No data available Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure No data available Aspiration hazard No data available Chemical Book

LD50 orally in Rabbit: 3161 mg/kg LD50 dermal Rabbit > 1000 mg/kg

### SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### Toxicity

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

static test EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 48 mg/l - 48 h

#### Persistence and degradability

No data available

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

No data available

#### Mobility in soil

No data available

#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

#### **Toxics Screening Level**

The initial risk screening level (IRSL) for melamine is 1.5 µg/m3 based on an annual averaging time.

#### Other adverse effects

No data available

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### Waste treatment methods

#### Incompatibilities

Incompatible with oxidizers (chlorates, nitrates, peroxides, permanganates, perchlorates, chlorine, bromine, fluorine, etc.); contact may cause fires or explosions. Keep away from alkaline materials, strong bases, strong acids, oxoacids, epoxides. Melamine neutralizes acids in exothermic reactions to form salts plus water.

#### Product

See www.retrologistik.com for processes regarding the return of chemicals and containers, or contact us there if you have further questions.

### SECTION 14: Transport information

#### **UN number**

ADR/RID: - IMDG: - IATA: -

#### UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods IMDG: Not dangerous goods IATA: Not dangerous goods

#### Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: - IMDG: - IATA: -

#### **Packaging group**

ADR/RID: - IMDG: - IATA: -

#### **Environmental hazards**

ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no IATA: no

#### Special precautions for user

#### **Further information**

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Regulations on the Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015:Not Listed. website: https://www.mem.gov.cn/ Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):Listed. website: https://www.epa.govt.nz/ European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS):Listed. website: https://echa.europa.eu/ Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC):Listed. website: https://www.mee.gov.cn/ Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS):Listed. website: https://emb.gov.ph/ Vietnam National Chemical Inventory:Listed. website: https://chemicaldata.gov.vn/ United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory:Listed. website: https://www.epa.gov/ Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL):Listed. website: http://ncis.nier.go.kr

EC Inventory:Listed.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- IATA: International Air Transportation Association

TWA: Time Weighted Average

STEL: Short term exposure limit

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

#### References

[1] CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple

- [2] ChemlDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp
- [3] ECHA European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/
- [4] eChemPortal The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:

http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\_locale=en

- [5] ERG Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg
- [6] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp
- [7] HSDB Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm

[8] IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/

[9] IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home

[10] Sigma-Aldrich, website: https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/

#### **Other Information**

Ingestion in large amounts may cause effects on the kidneys and bladder. This may result in stone formation.

Disclaimer:

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.