

## Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

## Dichloromethane

Revision Date:2024-12-21 Revision Number:1

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

## Product identifier

Product name : Dichloromethane  
CBnumber : CB7740372  
CAS : 75-09-2  
EINECS Number : 200-838-9  
Synonyms : DCM,Dichloromethane

## Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.  
Uses advised against : none

## Company Identification

Company : Chemicalbook  
Address : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing  
Telephone : 400-158-6606

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

## GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(GHS)



Signal word

Danger

## Precautionary statements

P405 Store locked up.

P311 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.  
Continuerinsing.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off Immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse SKIN with water/shower.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

#### **Hazard statements**

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H371 May cause damage to organs

H370 Causes damage to organs

H351 Suspected of causing cancer

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H335 May cause respiratory irritation

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

H315 Causes skin irritation

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H302 Harmful if swallowed

H225 Highly Flammable liquid and vapour

#### **Disposal**

WARNING.Cancer - <https://oehha.ca.gov/proposition-65/chemicals/dichloromethane-methylene-chloride>

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## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### **Substance**

Product name	: Dichloromethane
Synonyms	: DCM,Dichloromethane
CAS	: 75-09-2
EC number	: 200-838-9
MF	: CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>
MW	: 84.93

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## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### **Description of first aid measures**

#### **General advice**

Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### **If inhaled**

After inhalation: fresh air. Call in physician.

#### **In case of skin contact**

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Consult a physician.

#### **In case of eye contact**

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

#### **If swallowed**

After swallowing: immediately make victim drink water (two glasses at most). Consult a physician.

### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

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## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Water Foam Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) Dry powder

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides Hydrogen chloride gas Combustible.

Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire.

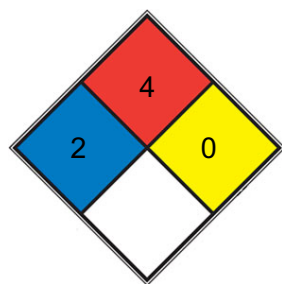
### Advice for firefighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

### Further information

Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

### NFPA 704



**HEALTH 2** Intense or continued but not chronic exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury (e.g. [diethyl ether](#), ammonium phosphate, iodine)

**FIRE 4** Will rapidly or completely vaporize at normal atmospheric pressure and temperature, or is readily dispersed in air and will burn readily. Includes pyrophoric substances. Flash point below room temperature at 22.8 °C (73 °F). (e.g. acetylene, propane, [hydrogen gas](#))

**REACT 0** Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and is not reactive with water (e.g. helium, [N<sub>2</sub>](#))

**SPEC.**  
☐

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapors, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert.

For personal protection see section 8.

### Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up with liquid-absorbent material (e.g. Chemizorb? ). Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

### Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

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## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

#### Advice on safe handling

Work under hood. Do not inhale substance/mixture. Avoid generation of vapours/aerosols.

#### Hygiene measures

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

For precautions see section 2.2.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Storage conditions

Tightly closed. Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep locked up or in an area accessible only to qualified or authorized persons.

Heat sensitive. Handle and store under inert gas.

#### Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

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## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### control parameter

## Hazard composition and occupational exposure limits

Does not contain substances with occupational exposure limits.

## Exposure controls

### Personal protective equipment

#### Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Safety glasses

#### Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Splash contact

Material: Fluorinated rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0,7 mm Break through time: 148 min

Material tested: Vitoject? (KCL 890 / Aldrich Z677698, Size M)

data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the EC approved gloves. This

recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

#### Body Protection

protective clothing

#### Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full- face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type AXBEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

#### Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains.

### Exposure limits

TLV-TWA 50 ppm ( $\sim 175 \text{ mg/m}^3$ ) (ACGIH); carcinogenicity: Suspected Human Carcinogen (ACGIH), Animal Sufficient Evidence, Human Inadequate Evidence (IARC).

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### Information on basic physicochemical properties

Appearance	colorless liquid
Odour	ether-like
Odour Threshold	250 ppm
pH	No data available
Melting point/freezing point	Melting point/range: -97 °C
Initial boiling point and boiling range	39,8 - 40 °C

Flash point	- closed cupdoes not flash
Evaporation rate	0,71
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Upper explosion limit: 22 %(V) Lower explosion limit: 13 %(V)
Vapour pressure	584 hPa at 25 °C
Vapour density	2,93
Relative density	1.329 (20/20 °C)
Water solubility	13,2 g/l at 25 °C
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	log Pow: 1,25 at 20 °C - Bioaccumulation is not expected.
Autoignition temperature	605 °C at 1.013 hPa - DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Viscosity	Viscosity, kinematic: No data available Viscosity, dynamic: 0,42 mPa.s at 25 °C
Explosive properties	No data available
Oxidizing properties	No data available
Henry's Law Constant	2.49 at 30 °C (headspace-GC, Sanz et al., 1997)
λmax	λ: 235 nm Amax: 1.00 λ: 240 nm Amax: 0.20 λ: 250 nm Amax: 0.05 λ: 260 nm Amax: 0.02 λ: 340-400 nm Amax: 0.01

## Other safety information

Relative vapor density  
2,93

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### Reactivity

No data available

### Chemical stability

Sensitivity to light

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) . Contains the following stabilizer(s):

2-methyl-2-butene (>0,005 - <0,015 %)

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

Risk of explosion with:

Alkali metals nitrogen oxides nitrogen dioxide Potassium sodium azide perchloric acid Nitric acid

aluminium chloride Amines

Oxygen

(as liquefied gas) powdered aluminium sodium

aromatic hydrocarbons with  
powdered aluminium Exothermic reaction with: Alkaline earth metals Powdered metals  
amides alcoholates nonmetallic oxides  
potassium tert-butanolate sodium amide  
Lithium

### Conditions to avoid

no information available

### Incompatible materials

rubber, various plastics, Light metals, Metals, Mild steel

### Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

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## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - male and female - > 2.000 mg/kg

(OECD Test Guideline 401)

LC50 Inhalation - Mouse - 4 h - 86 mg/l Remarks: (ECHA)

Symptoms: Possible damages:, mucosal irritations LD50 Dermal - Rat - male and female - > 2.000 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 402)

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit

Result: Irritations - 4 h (OECD Test Guideline 404)

Repeated or prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation and dermatitis, due to degreasing properties of the product.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit Result: Eye irritation Remarks: (ECHA)

Risk of corneal clouding.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

(OECD Test Guideline 429)

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Test Type: Mutagenicity (mammal cell test): chromosome aberration. Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: positive

Test Type: Ames test

Test system: Salmonella typhimurium

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: positive

Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test Species: Mouse

Cell type: Bone marrow Application Route: Oral

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474 Result: negative

#### **Carcinogenicity**

No data available

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

No data available

#### **Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure**

Inhalation - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. - Central nervous system

#### **Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure**

No data available

#### **Aspiration hazard**

No data available

#### **Toxicity**

LD50 orally in young adult rats: 1.6 ml/kg (Kimura)

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### **Toxicity**

#### **Toxicity to fish**

flow-through test LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 193,00 mg/l - 96 h

Remarks: (ECHA)

#### **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**

static test LC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 27 mg/l - 48 h (US-EPA)

#### **Toxicity to bacteria**

static test EC50 - activated sludge - 2.590 mg/l - 40 min (OECD Test Guideline 209)

### **Persistence and degradability**

Biodegradability aerobic - Exposure time 28 d

Result: 68 % - Readily biodegradable. (OECD Test Guideline 301D)

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Bioaccumulation Cyprinus carpio (Carp) - 6 Weeks

250 µg/l(Dichloromethane)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 2 - 5,4 (OECD Test Guideline 305)

Cyprinus carpio (Carp) - 6 Weeks

25 µg/l(Dichloromethane)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 6 - 40 (OECD Test Guideline 305)

### **Mobility in soil**

No data available



## Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

## Other adverse effects

No data available

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## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### Waste treatment methods

#### Incompatibilities

Incompatible with strong oxidizers, caustics; chemically active metals, such as aluminum, magnesium powders; potassium, lithium, and sodium; concentrated nitric acid causing fire and explosion hazard. Contact with hot surfaces or flames causes decomposition producing fumes of hydrogen chloride and phosgene gas. Attacks some forms of plastics, rubber and coatings.

#### Product

See [www.retrologistik.com](http://www.retrologistik.com) for processes regarding the return of chemicals and containers, or contact us there if you have further questions.

#### Waste Disposal

Consult with environmental regulatory agencies for guidance on acceptable disposal practices. Generators of waste containing this contaminant ( $\geq 100$  kg/mo) must conform to regulations governing storage, transportation, treatment, and waste disposal. Incineration, preferably after mixing with another combustible fuel; care must be exercised to assure complete combustion to prevent the formation of phosgene.

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## SECTION 14: Transport information

### UN number

ADR/RID: 1593 IMDG: 1593 IATA: 1593

### UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: DICHLOROMETHANE IMDG: DICHLOROMETHANE

IATA: Dichloromethane

14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	
	ADR/RID: 6.1 IMDG: 6.1	IATA: 6.1
14.4	Packaging group	
	ADR/RID: III IMDG: III	IATA: III
14.5	Environmental hazards	
	ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no	IATA: no
14.6	Special precautions for user	
	No data available	

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### Regulations on the Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015: Listed. website: <https://www.mem.gov.cn/>

#### Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory: Listed. website: <https://chemicaldata.gov.vn/>

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory: Listed. website: <https://www.epa.gov/>

Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS): Listed. website: <https://emb.gov.ph/>

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Listed. website: <https://www.epa.govt.nz/>

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL): Listed. website: <http://ncis.nier.go.kr>

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS): Listed. website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>

EC Inventory: Listed.

Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC): Listed. website: <https://www.mee.gov.cn/>

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## SECTION 16: Other information

### Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

STEL: Short term exposure limit

TWA: Time Weighted Average

### References

【1】 CAMEO Chemicals, website: <http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple>

【2】 ChemIDplus, website: <http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp>

【3】 ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>

【4】 eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:

[http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\\_locale=en](http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_locale=en)

【5】 ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: <http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg>

【6】 Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: <http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp>

【7】 HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: <https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm>

【8】 IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: <http://www.iarc.fr/>

【9】 IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: <http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home>

【10】 Sigma-Aldrich, website: <https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/>

### Other Information

Do NOT use in the vicinity of a fire or a hot surface, or during welding. The odour warning when the exposure limit value is exceeded is insufficient. Depending on the degree of exposure, periodic medical examination is suggested.

**Disclaimer:**

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.