

## Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

## Benzene

Revision Date:2025-01-11 Revision Number:1

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

## Product identifier

Product name : Benzene  
CBnumber : CB6854153  
CAS : 71-43-2  
EINECS Number : 200-753-7  
Synonyms : benzene,Benzen

## Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.  
Uses advised against : none

## Company Identification

Company : Chemicalbook  
Address : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing  
Telephone : 400-158-6606

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

## GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(GHS)



Signal word

Danger

## Precautionary statements

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.  
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking.  
P233 Keep container tightly closed.  
P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.  
P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.  
P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.  
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.  
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off Immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse SKIN with water/shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P307+P311 IF exposed: call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P311 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use ... for extinction.

P391 Collect spillage. Hazardous to the aquatic environment

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

#### **Hazard statements**

H225 Highly Flammable liquid and vapour

H302 Harmful if swallowed

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H315 Causes skin irritation

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H340 May cause genetic defects

H350 May cause cancer

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

H370 Causes damage to organs

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

#### **Disposal**

WARNING: Cancer - <https://oehha.ca.gov/proposition-65/chemicals/benzene>

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## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### **Substance**

Product name	: Benzene
Synonyms	: benzene, Benzen
CAS	: 71-43-2
EC number	: 200-753-7
MF	: C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>6</sub>
MW	: 78.11

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### Description of first aid measures

#### General advice

Consult a physician. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

#### In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Take victim immediately to hospital. Consult a physician.

#### In case of eye contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.

#### If swallowed

Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

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## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Dry powder Dry sand Dry powder Dry sand

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do NOT use water jet. Do NOT use water jet.

### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides

Flash back possible over considerable distance., Container explosion may occur under fire conditions.

Combustible.

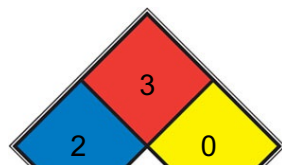
### Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

### Further information

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

### NFPA 704





<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	HEALTH	2	Intense or continued but not chronic exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury (e.g. <a href="#">diethyl ether</a> , ammonium phosphate, iodine)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	FIRE	3	Liquids and solids (including finely divided suspended solids) that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions . Liquids having a flash point below 22.8 °C (73 °F) and having a boiling point at or above 37.8 °C (100 °F) or having a flash point between 22.8 and 37.8 °C (73 and 100 °F). (e.g. gasoline, <a href="#">acetone</a> )
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	REACT	0	Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and is not reactive with water (e.g. helium, <a href="#">N2</a> )
<input type="checkbox"/>	SPEC.		
<input type="checkbox"/>	HAZ.		

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapors can accumulate in low areas. For personal protection see section 8.

### Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).

### Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

#### Advice on safe handling

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. **Advice on safe handling**

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapor or mist.

#### Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge.

#### Hygiene measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

For precautions see section 2.2.

## **Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

### **Storage conditions**

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store in cool place.

### **Specific end use(s)**

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### **control parameter**

#### **Hazard composition and occupational exposure limits**

Does not contain substances with occupational exposure limits.

### **Exposure controls**

#### **Personal protective equipment**

##### **Eye/face protection**

Face shield and safety glasses Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

##### **Skin protection**

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Full contact

Material: Fluorinated rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0,7 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Vitoject? (KCL 890 / Aldrich Z677698, Size M)

Splash contact

Material: Fluorinated rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0,7 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Vitoject? (KCL 890 / Aldrich Z677698, Size M)

data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the EC approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

##### **Body Protection**

Complete suit protecting against chemicals, Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing., The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

##### **Respiratory protection**

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full- face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face

supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

#### Control of environmental exposure

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

#### Exposure limits

TLV-TWA 10 ppm ( $\sim 32 \text{ mg/m}^3$ ) (ACGIH and OSHA); ceiling 25 ppm ( $\sim 80 \text{ mg/m}^3$ ) (OSHA and MSHA); peak 50 ppm ( $\sim 160 \text{ mg/m}^3$ )/10 min/8 h (OSHA); carcinogenicity: Suspected Human Carcinogen (ACGIH), Human Sufficient Evidence (IARC).

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### Information on basic physicochemical properties

Appearance	clear, colorless liquid
Odour	No data available
Odour Threshold	2.7ppm
pH	No data available
Melting point/freezing point	Melting point/range: 5,5 °C - lit.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	80 °C - lit.
Flash point	-11 °C - DIN 51755 Part 1
Evaporation rate	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Lower explosion limit: 1,4 %(V)
Vapour pressure	100 hPa at 20 °C
Vapour density	2.77 (vs air)
Relative density	0,874 g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 25 °C - lit. No data available
Water solubility	ca.1,88 g/l at 23,5 °C - soluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available
Autoignition temperature	498 °C at 1.013,5 hPa
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Viscosity	Viscosity, kinematic: 0,604 mm <sup>2</sup> /s at 25 °C Viscosity, dynamic: No data available
Explosive properties	No data available
Oxidizing properties	No data available
Henry's Law Constant	10.4 at 45.00 °C, 11.4 at 50.00 °C, 13.3 at 55.00 °C, 14.5 at 60.00 °C, 16.8 at 65.00 °C, 19.2 at 70.00 °C (static headspace-GC, Park et al., 2004)
$\lambda_{\text{max}}$	$\lambda$ : 280 nm Amax: 1.0 $\lambda$ : 290 nm Amax: 0.15 $\lambda$ : 300 nm Amax: 0.06 $\lambda$ : 330 nm Amax: 0.02 $\lambda$ : 350-400 nm Amax: 0.01

### Other safety information

No data available

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## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### Reactivity

No data available

### Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

### Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks.

### Incompatible materials

acids, Bases, Halogens, Strong oxidizing agents, Metallic salts

### Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

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## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - male - > 2.000 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 401)

Symptoms: Nausea

LC50 Inhalation - Rat - female - 4 h - 43,7 mg/l (OECD Test Guideline 403)

LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - male and female - > 8.260 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 402)

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit

Result: Irritating to skin. - 4 h (OECD Test Guideline 404)

Drying-out effect resulting in rough and chapped skin.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit Result: Eye irritation Remarks: (ECHA)

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

Maximization Test - Guinea pig

Result: negative

(OECD Test Guideline 406)

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Test system: Salmonella typhimurium

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: Mutagenicity (mammal cell test): chromosome aberration. Test system: Chinese hamster lung cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Method: US-EPA

Result: positive

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Method: US-EPA

Result: positive

Test Type: Mutagenicity (mammal cell test): micronucleus. Species: Mouse

Cell type: Bone marrow

Application Route: inhalation (vapor) Method: OECD Test Guideline 474 Result: positive

### **Carcinogenicity**

No data available

### **Reproductive toxicity**

No data available

### **Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure**

No data available

### **Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure**

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. - Blood

### **Aspiration hazard**

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### **Toxicity**

LD50 orally in young adult rats: 3.8 ml/kg (Kimura)

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## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

#### **Toxicity to fish**

flow-through test LC50 - *Oncorhynchus mykiss* (rainbow trout) - 5,3 mg/l - 96 h

(OECD Test Guideline 203)

#### **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**

static test EC50 - *Daphnia magna* (Water flea) - 10 mg/l - 48 h (OECD Test Guideline 202)

#### **Toxicity to algae**

static test ErC50 - *Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata* (green algae) - 100 mg/l - 72 h

(OECD Test Guideline 201)

#### **Toxicity to bacteria**

static test IC50 - - 13 mg/l - 24 h

Remarks: (ECHA)

### **Persistence and degradability**

Biodegradability aerobic - Exposure time 28 d

Result: 96 % - Readily biodegradable. (OECD Test Guideline 301F)

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Bioaccumulation *Leuciscus idus* (Golden orfe) - 3 d



- 0,05 mg/l(benzene)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 10

### **Mobility in soil**

No data available

### **Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

### **Toxics Screening Level**

The acute initial threshold screening level (ITSL) for benzene (CAS # 71-43-2) is 30 µg/m<sup>3</sup> based on a 24-hour averaging time.

### **Other adverse effects**

Toxic to aquatic life.

Endangers drinking-water supplies if allowed to enter soil or water. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

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## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### **Waste treatment methods**

#### **Product**

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Waste material must be disposed of in accordance with the Directive on waste 2008/98/EC as well as other national and local regulations. Leave chemicals in original containers. No mixing with other waste. Handle uncleaned containers like the product itself.

#### **Incompatibilities**

Incompatible with oxidizers (chlorates, nitrates, peroxides, permanganates, perchlorates, chlorine, bromine, fluorine, etc.); contact may cause fires or explosions. Keep away from alkaline materials, strong bases, strong acids, oxoacids, epoxides, many fluorides and perchlorates, nitric acid.

#### **Waste Disposal**

Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber. All federal, state, and local environmental regulations must be observed. Dilution with alcohol or acetone to minimize smoke is recommended. Bacterial degradation is also possible.

#### **Contaminated packaging**

Dispose of as unused product.

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## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### **UN number**

ADR/RID: 1114 IMDG: 1114

### UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: BENZENE IMDG: BENZENE IATA: Benzene

### Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 3 IMDG: 3 IATA: 3

### Packaging group

ADR/RID: II IMDG: II IATA: II

### Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no IATA: no

### Special precautions for user

No data available

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## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### Regulations on the Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015: Listed. website: <https://www.mem.gov.cn/>

#### Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances

Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC): Listed. website: <https://www.mee.gov.cn/>

EC Inventory: Listed.

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS): Listed. website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL): Listed. website: <http://ncis.nier.go.kr>

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Listed. website: <https://www.epa.govt.nz/>

Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS): Listed. website: <https://emb.gov.ph/>

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory: Listed. website: <https://www.epa.gov/>

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory: Listed. website: <https://chemicaldata.gov.vn/>

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## SECTION 16: Other information

### Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

STEL: Short term exposure limit

TWA: Time Weighted Average

## References

- 【1】 CAMEO Chemicals, website: <http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple>
- 【2】 ChemIDplus, website: <http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp>
- 【3】 ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>
- 【4】 eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:  
[http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\\_locale=en](http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_locale=en)
- 【5】 ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: <http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg>
- 【6】 Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: <http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp>
- 【7】 HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: <https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm>
- 【8】 IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: <http://www.iarc.fr/>
- 【9】 IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: <http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home>
- 【10】 Sigma-Aldrich, website: <https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/>

## Other Information

Use of alcoholic beverages enhances the harmful effect. Depending on the degree of exposure, periodic medical examination is suggested. The odour warning when the exposure limit value is exceeded is insufficient. Benzene causes acute myeloid leukaemia/acute non-lymphocytic leukaemia. Also, a positive association has been observed between exposure to benzene and acute lymphocytic leukaemia, chronic lymphocytic leukaemia, multiple myeloma, and non-Hodgkin lymphoma.

### Disclaimer:

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.