Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

2,2'-Dichlorodiethyl ether

Revision Date:2025-01-06 Revision Number:1

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product identifier

Product name	: 2,2'-Dichlorodiethyl ether			
CBnumber	: CB6374619			
CAS	: 111-44-4			
EINECS Number	: 203-870-1			
Synonyms	: 1-chloro-2-(2-chloroethoxy)ethane,Dichloroethyl Ether			
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against				
Relevant identified uses	: For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.			
Uses advised against	: none			
Company Identification				
Company	: Chemicalbook			
Address	: Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing			
Telephone	: 400-158-6606			

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(GHS)

Signal word

Danger

Precautionary statements

P501 Dispose of contents/container to.....

P405 Store locked up.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P330 Rinse mouth.

P320 Specific treatment is urgent (see ... on this label).

P311 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P307+P311 IF exposed: call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and Keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off Immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse SKIN with water/shower.

P302+P350 IF ON SKIN: Gently wash with plenty of soap and water.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P284 Wear respiratory protection.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- P264 Wash skin thouroughly after handling.
- P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
- P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
- P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
- P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
- P233 Keep container tightly closed.
- P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.

Hazard statements

- H370 Causes damage to organs
- H351 Suspected of causing cancer
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- H330 Fatal if inhaled
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H315 Causes skin irritation
- H310 Fatal in contact with skin
- H301 Toxic if swalloed
- H300 Fatal if swallowed
- H226 Flammable liquid and vapour
- H225 Highly Flammable liquid and vapour

Disposal

WARNING.Cancer - https://oehha.ca.gov/proposition-65/chemicals/bis2-chloroethyl-ether

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance

Product name	: 2,2'-Dichlorodiethyl ether
Synonyms	: 1-chloro-2-(2-chloroethoxy)ethane,Dichloroethyl Ether
CAS	: 111-44-4
EC number	: 203-870-1
MF	: C4H8Cl2O
MW	: 143.01

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice

Consult a physician. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Take victim immediately to hospital. Consult a physician.

In case of eye contact

Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

If swallowed

Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Dry powder Dry sand

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do NOT use water jet.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides, Hydrogen chloride gas Combustible.

Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

Further information

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

NFPA 704



HEALTH 3 Short exposure could cause serious temporary or moderate residual injury (e.g. liquid hydrogen, sulfuric acid, calcium hypochlorite, hexafluorosilicic acid)
Must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperature before ignition can occur and multiple finely
FIRE 2 divided suspended solids that do not require heating before ignition can occur. Flash point between 37.8 and 93.3 °C (100

ERACT 1 Normally stable, but can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures (e.g. propene)

	SPEC.
	HAZ.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear respiratory protection. Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapors can accumulate in low areas. For personal protection see section 8.

Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).

Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapor or mist.

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge.

For precautions see section 2.2.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store in cool place.

Recommended storage temperature 2 - 8 °C

Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

control parameter

Hazard composition and occupational exposure limits

Does not contain substances with occupational exposure limits.

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Face shield and safety glasses Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and the standard EN 374 derived from it. Full contact

Material: butyl-rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,3 mm

Break through time: 480 min

Material tested:Butoject? (KCL 897 / Aldrich Z677647, Size M)

Splash contact Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,4 mm Break through time: 30 min

Material tested:Camatril? (KCL 730 / Aldrich Z677442, Size M)

data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the EC approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

Body Protection

Complete suit protecting against chemicals, Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing., The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full- face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Control of environmental exposure

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

Exposure limits

NIOSH REL: TWA 5 ppm (30 mg/m3), STEL 10 ppm, IDLH 100 ppm; OSHA PEL: C 15 ppm (90 mg/m3); ACGIH TLV: TWA 30 mg/m3, STEL 60 mg/m3.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	colorless liquid, clear
Odour	No data available
Odour Threshold	No data available
pН	No data available
Melting point/freezing point	Melting point/range: -47 °C - lit.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	65 - 67 °C at 20 hPa - lit.
Flash point	55,0 °C - closed cup
Evaporation rate	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive	0.8%(V)
limits	
Vapour pressure	0.4 mm Hg (20 °C)
Vapour density	No data available
Relative density	1,22 g/cm3 at 25 °C
Water solubility	0.01g/l
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available
Autoignition temperature	No data available
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Viscosity	No data available
Explosive properties	No data available
Oxidizing properties	No data available
Henry's Law Constant	(x 10 ⁻⁵ atm?m ³ /mol): 124.7, 15.8, 72.0, 12.5, and 1.38 at 10, 15, 20, 25, and 30 °C, respectively (EPICS, Howe et al., 1987)

Other safety information

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

No data available

Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Carbon oxides, Hydrogen chloride gas

Other decomposition products - No data available In the event of fire: see section 5

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity No data available Skin corrosion/irritation Skin - Rabbit Result: No skin irritation - 4 h (OECD Test Guideline 404) Serious eye damage/eye irritation Eyes - Chicken eye Result: No eye irritation - 10 s (OECD Test Guideline 438) Respiratory or skin sensitization (OECD Test Guideline 429) Germ cell mutagenicity Ames test Escherichia coli/Salmonella typhimurium Result: negative Micronucleus test mouse lymphoma cells Result: negative In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test mouse lymphoma cells Result: positive **OECD** Test Guideline 474 Mouse - male and female - Bone marrow Result: negative Carcinogenicity Suspected of causing cancer. IARC: No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC. **Reproductive toxicity** No data available Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure No data available Acute oral toxicity - Irritations of mucous membranes in the mouth, pharynx, oesophagus and gastrointestinal tract., Stomach/intestinal disorders, Diarrhea Acute inhalation toxicity - mucosal irritations, Cough, Shortness of breath, Inhalation may lead to the formation of oedemas in the respiratory tract., Symptoms may be delayed. Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure No data available Aspiration hazard

No data available

Additional Information

Repeated dose toxicity - Rat - male and female - Oral - NOAEL (No observed adverse effect level) - 15 mg/kg

RTECS: KN0875000

burning sensation, Cough, wheezing, laryngitis, Shortness of breath, Headache, Nausea, Vomiting

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

After absorption:

Possible symptoms:

Nausea, Headache, agitation, Discomfort, Drowsiness, Unconsciousness, CNS disorders Damage to:

Liver, Kidney

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Toxicity

LD50 orally in rats: 75 mg/kg (Smyth, Carpenter)

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

Toxicity to fish

semi-static test LC50 - Oryzias latipes - > 100 mg/l - 96 h (OECD Test Guideline 203)

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

static test LC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 240 mg/l - 48 h (US-EPA)

Toxicity to algae

static test ErC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - > 79,44 mg/l - 72 h

(OECD Test Guideline 201)

Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability aerobic - Exposure time 28 d Result: 15,7 % - Not inherently biodegradable. (OECD Test Guideline 301D)

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation Lepomis macrochirus - 28 d at 16 °C - 0,0099 mg/l(bis(2-chloroethyl) ether)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 11

Mobility in soil

No data available

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxics Screening Level

The Initial threshold Screening Level (ITSL) is 0.003 $\mu\text{g/m3}$ with an annual averaging time.

Other adverse effects

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Product

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Waste material must be disposed of in accordance with the Directive on waste 2008/98/EC as well as other national and local regulations. Leave chemicals in original containers. No mixing with other waste. Handle uncleaned containers like the product itself.

Incompatibilities

Contact with moisture caused decomposition producing hydrochloric acid. Can form peroxides. May form explosive mixture with air. Contact with strong oxidizers may cause fire and explosion hazard. Attacks some plastics, rubber, and coatings. Attacks metals in the presence of moisture

Waste Disposal

A potential candidate for liquid injection incineration at a temperature range of 650 to 1600C and a residence time 0.1 to 2 seconds. Also, a potential candidate for fluidized bed incineration at a temperature range of 450 to 980C and residence times of seconds for liquids and gases, and longer for solids.

Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

UN number

ADR/RID: 1916 IMDG: 1916 IATA: 1916

UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: 2,2'-DICHLORODIETHYL ETHER IMDG: 2,2'-DICHLORODIETHYL ETHER

IATA: 2,2'-Dichlorodiethyl ether

14.3	Transport hazard class(es)		
14.5	ADR/RID: 6.1 (3) IMDG: 6.1 (3)	IATA: 6.1 (3)	
14.4	Packaging group		
14.4	Adr/Rid: II IMDG: II	IATA: II	
14.5	Environmental hazards		
14.5	ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no	IATA: no	
14.6	Special precautions for user		
14.0	No data available		

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Regulations on the Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015:Listed. website: https://www.mem.gov.cn/ Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances EC Inventory:Listed. European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS):Listed. website: https://echa.europa.eu/ Vietnam National Chemical Inventory:Listed. website: https://chemicaldata.gov.vn/ Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL):Listed. website: http://ncis.nier.go.kr Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS):Listed. website: https://emb.gov.ph/ Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC):Listed. website: https://www.mee.gov.cn/ New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):Listed. website: https://www.epa.govt.nz/ United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory:Listed. website: https://www.epa.gov/

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

- IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- IATA: International Air Transportation Association
- TWA: Time Weighted Average
- STEL: Short term exposure limit
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal Dose 50%
- EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

References

- [1] CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple
- [2] ChemlDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp
- [3] ECHA European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/
- [4] eChemPortal The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:

http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_locale=en

- [5] ERG Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg
- [6] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp
- [7] HSDB Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm
- [8] IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/
- [9] IPCS The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home
- [10] Sigma-Aldrich, website: https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/

Other Information

The symptoms of lung oedema often do not become manifest until a few hours have passed and they are aggravated by physical effort.Rest and medical observation is therefore essential.Immediate administration of an appropriate inhalation therapy by a doctor or a person authorized by him/her, should be considered.An added stabilizer or inhibitor can influence the toxicological properties of this substance, consult an expert.Check for peroxides prior to distillation; eliminate if found.

Disclaimer:

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.